TUKWILA: A CITY OF TREES AND A



QUIZ!

- 1. <u>T/F</u> Trees can reduce the needed frequency of repaving parking lots or streets due to the shading they provide.
- 2. A single mature beech tree can produce enough oxygen for:
 - a. Four people in a year;
 - b. Ten people in a year;
 - c. Thirteen people in a year.

QUIZ!

- Solution 3. One tree can remove approximately _____ ton of carbon dioxide from the air over its lifetime
 - a. 3/4 ton
 - b. 3/8 ton
 - c. 5/8 ton
- 4. Tukwila's current overall tree canopy is _____%.

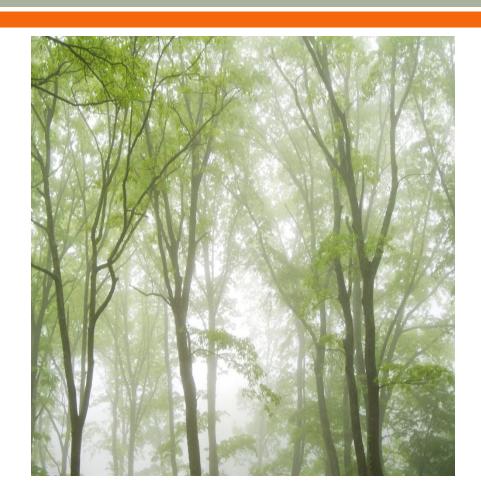
About this presentation

I. Planning Authority in Washington State

II. Committee Context and Role

III. What is our starting point?

- Comprehensive Plan
- Implementing Regulations



About this presentation - continued



IV. Why review policies and programs related to trees?

- Current guidance/issues
- Tree City U.S.A.
- Tree Canopy Assessment
- Why trees are important

V. Next Steps

I. Planning Authority in Washington

80 6 CB

Washington State Constitution

- The authority to plan in Washington State is derived from the State's Constitution, Article XI, Section 11:
 - "Any county, city, town or township may make and enforce within its limits all such local police, sanitary and other regulations as are not in conflict with general laws."
- Courts have long upheld the validity of planning as an exercise of police power

State Authorization for Planning

- Three state laws provide the primary statutory basis or guidance for planning in Tukwila:
 - Planning Commission Act (RCW 35.63)
 - Optional Municipal Code (RCW 35A.63)
 - Growth Management Act (RCW 36.70A)



Planning Commission Act

Authorizes the creation of a planning commission

Requires land use plan elements to include land use, housing, capital facilities, critical areas

and transportation.

Tukwila Tree and Environment Advisory

Committee

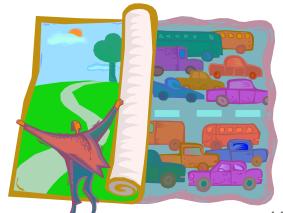
Optional Municipal Code

- Similar to Planning Commission Act
- Authorizes appointment of a Planning Commission, planning agency & planning staff.
- Authorizes preparation of a comprehensive plan with detailed elements.
- Authorizes preparation of regulations to implement the Comprehensive Plan after plan is adopted.

Growth Management Act

- Adopted in 1990 by Washington State legislature
- Requires regulations be consistent with & implement adopted goals and policies of the Comprehensive Plan,





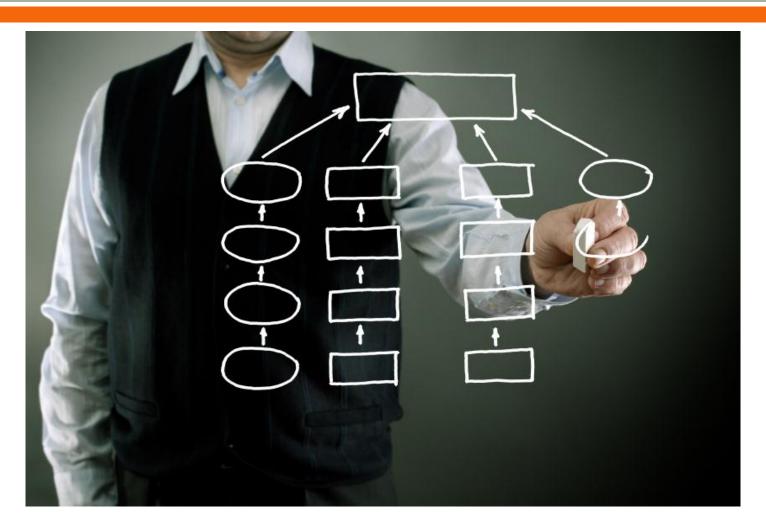
What about Private Property Rights?

- Courts have ruled that municipalities have the authority to use their police powers to protect the public health, safety and welfare.
- Soal of local regulations avoid adopting regulations that constitute a taking of private property without just compensation.

II. Committee Context and Role

80 13 C3

Decision Making Process.....



Where does this committee fit in?

Tukwila Tree and Environment Advisory Committee

Planning Commission

City Council

Committee Tasks

- Review Comprehensive Plan Goals and Policies (certain chapters) & recommend revisions, addition of new goals/policies related to natural environment and trees
- Review results of Tree Canopy Assessment, recommend canopy goals for various areas of the city and recommend goals, policies and programs for achieving the goals
- Provide goal or policy recommendations on landscaping requirements for commercial and industrial areas

Committee Tasks continued

- Provide goal or policy guidance on current tree clearing and protection ordinances and overall management of trees in Tukwila
- Provide recommendations for policies and programs to improve street tree management
- Provide recommendations for policies and programs to improve tree health and canopy on public lands

III. What is our starting point?

80 18 C3



Tukwila Tree and Environment Advisory
Committee

A. Current Key Comprehensive Plan Goals/Policies

Community Image Chapter — Vegetation Related Goals

Develop distinctive physical features to identify City boundaries

Vegetated hillsides and freeway corridors



Community Image Chapter — Vegetation Related Goals



- Commercial areas with adequate streetscape landscaping
- Principal transport corridors with curbs, gutters, sidewalks and tree plantings
- Incorporate substantial landscaping along street frontages and parking lots in new and re-development

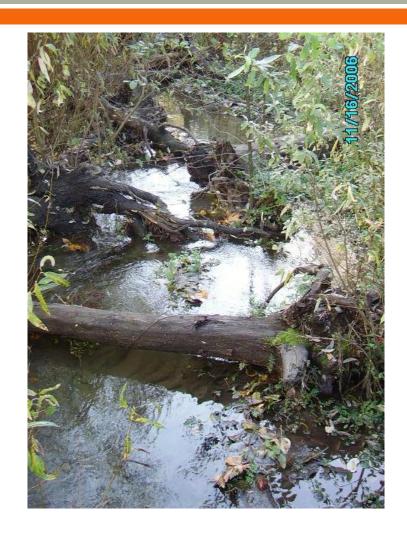
Community Image Chapter — Vegetation Related Goals

- Develop programs identifying Tukwila's tree resources
- Establish priorities for tree protection and planting
- Provide guidelines for tree maintenance, replacement and planting.



Natural Environment Chapter

Protect existing vegetation, use supplemental native plantings in wetland and watercourse areas.



Natural Environment Chapter

- Regulate land use and development, using Best Available Science, to protect natural vegetation and hydrology.
- Preserve and restore appropriate vegetation plantings in identified fish and wildlife areas.
- Restore watershed functions by removal of piped watercourses.

Natural Environment Chapter



- Protect fish and wildlife
- Reduce potential impacts and liabilities associated with development in areas with geologic instability
- Educate citizens to understand Tukwila's ecosystem

B. Current Implementing Regulations

- Shoreline Master Program (TMC 18.44)
- Sensitive Areas Ordinance (TMC 18.45)

- Subdivision Regulations (TMC 19)
- Right-of-Way Vegetation Regulations ((TMC 11.20)

IV. Why review policies and programs related to trees?

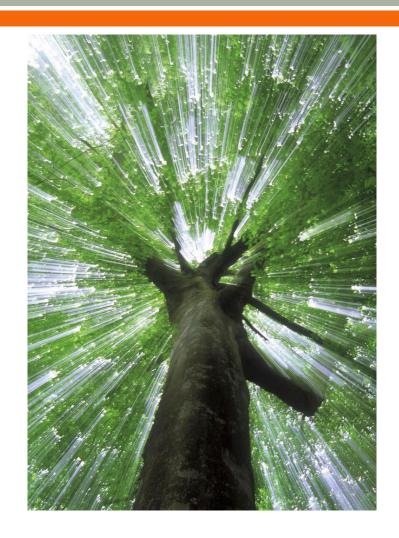
80 29 CB

- Current Comprehensive Plan goals/policies recognize trees and vegetation play an important role in community identity and sensitive area protection, but no specific guidance on how far regulations should go to protect trees.
- State Evergreen Communities Act (RCW 76.15) will require local governments to develop urban forestry plans
- **SOLUTION** Current tree regulations are unclear

- Trees continue to be removed or damaged (poor pruning, disease, invasive plants, street trees damaged by cars)
- Insufficient funding for street tree/public tree maintenance
- Trees not recognized for value as part of infrastructure

Tree City U.S.A.

- Tukwila − a Tree City
 U.S.A. since 2002
- To be designated a Tree City, jurisdiction must:
 - Have a tree board or department
 - Have a tree care ordinance
 - Have a community forestry program
 - Observe Arbor Day



Tree City U.S.A.

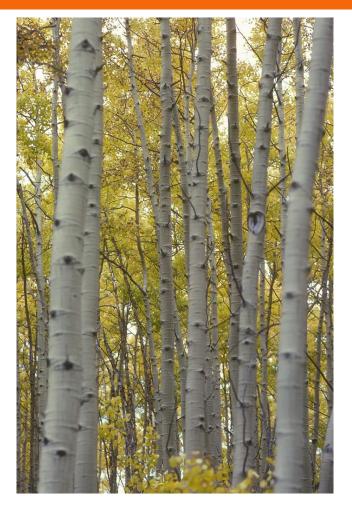
- 2011 Tree City U.S.A. efforts in Tukwila:
- Community forestry expenditures = \$82,520
- Per capita spending = \$4.32
- Planted 150 trees
- Removed 15 dead trees
- Pruned/trimmed 250 trees

Why are trees important?



Trees provide environmental benefits



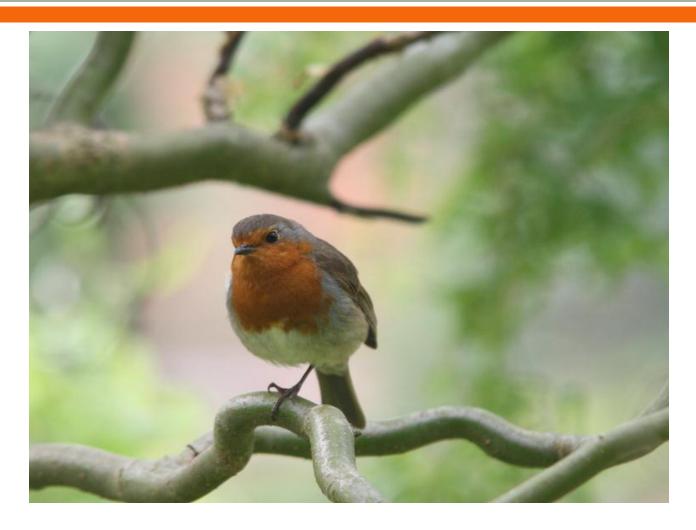


Trees have aesthetic value



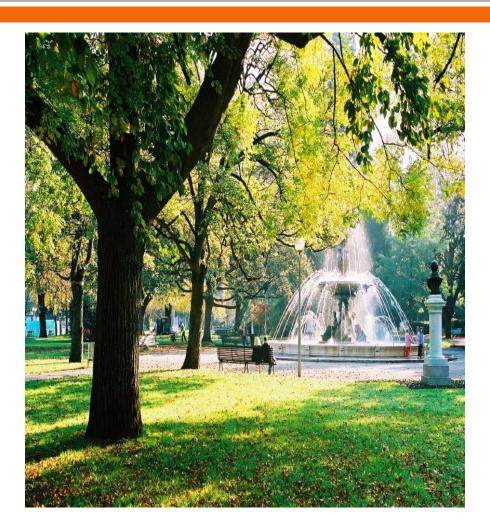


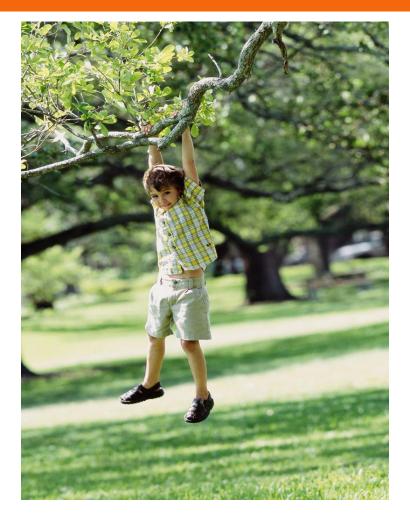
Trees provide wildlife habitat



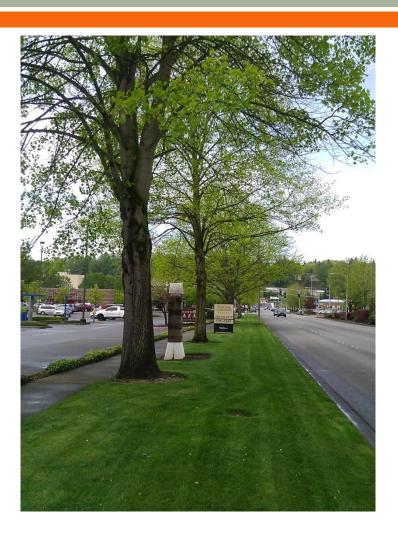
Tukwila Tree and Environment Advisory
Committee

Trees provide health benefits





Trees have economic value





Tree "Issues"



- Trees use too much water
- Trees pollute the air
- Trees are messy
- Trees damage sidewalks and foundations
- Trees are dangerous
- Trees block views into businesses

V. Next Steps

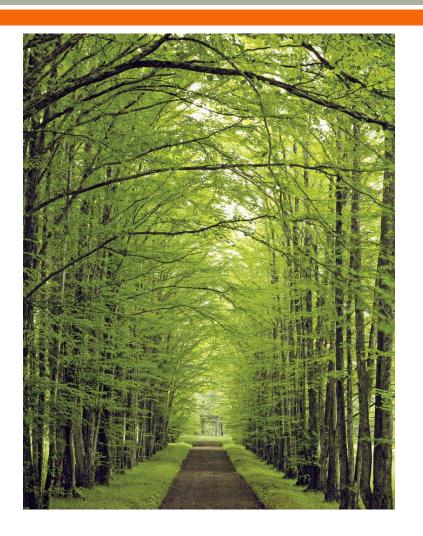
80 41 CB



Meeting Schedule - handout



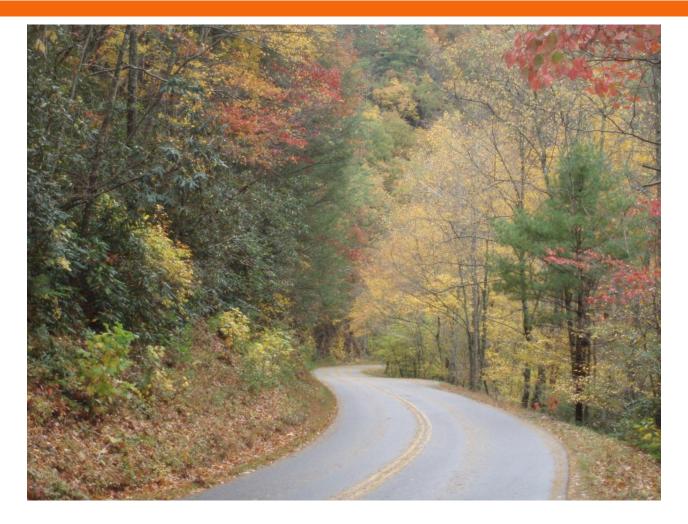
Tree Canopy Assessment — under way



- Consultant will use GIS aerial images to analyze amount of tree cover in Tukwila
- Advisory Committee
 will review and
 recommend goals for
 canopy coverage in City

Quiz Answers

- 1. True
- 2. b., ten
- 3. $a., \frac{3}{4} ton$
- 4. Don't know Yet Preliminary Results of Tree Canopy Assessment at next meeting



Tukwila Tree and Environment Advisory Committee